## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

	for the
Eastern I	District of California
United States of America v.  JUAN CARLOS MARTINEZ CASTRO  Defendant	) Case No. 2:19MJ00223-AC )
ORDER OF DETE	ENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Eli	gibility for Detention
Upon the	
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detent	suant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or wn motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), tion is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact 2(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U	Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)  S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person ons have been met:
(a) a crime of violence, a violation of § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum (c) an offense for which a maximum Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 7 (d) any felony if such person has been (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or to described in subparagraphs (a) through jurisdiction had existed, or a combination	
(iii) any other dangerous weapon; or ((2)) the defendant has previously been conv	crime of violence but involves: of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and victed of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and	above for which the defendant has been convicted was

committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; *and* [4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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Significant family or other ties outside the United States

Lack of legal status in the United States

Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration

Prior failure to appear in court as ordered

Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement

Use of alias(es) or false documents

Background information unknown or unverified

Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

## OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

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## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	December 12, 2019	an Che
		Allison Claire, United States Magistrate Judge